Specchio: An epidemiological tool for hospitals to follow and improve population health

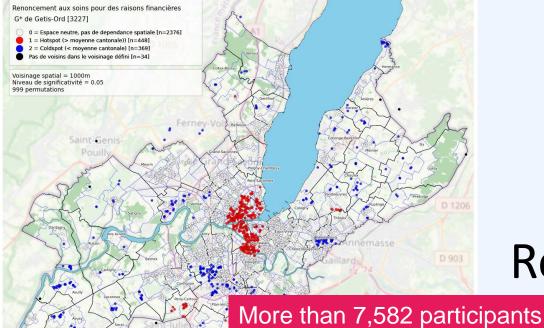
Objectives

Provide guidance and evidence Prevention and health

promotion strategies

new research questions Investigate temporal **COMPARISONS** overtime or between sub-groups of the Geneva population understand geographical health disparities.

Provide insights from a population-based study to allow hospitals and policy makers to shift from a reactive to a **proactive** healthcare model



Strengthen partnerships by design (cantonal office of health, hospital, universities, public-private partnerships)

Average age of 49 years, 57% women 80% of adults in Geneva in good health

Results

Women report poorer health and consult more, men suffer more from loneliness and depression. Young adults with ++ mental health issues

In general: depressive disorders (12.7% of participants) anxiety (18.8%), and low social support (18.9%).

Disparities in Geneva

Methods

Digital population-based cohort study that started 2020 in (www.specchio-hub.ch) : complete a baseline questionnaire with digital follow-ups including validated scales to study health determinants and outcomes.

population-based Investing in a study allows hospitals and policy makers to shift from a reactive to a proactive healthcare model, reducing long-term healthcare costs and expenditures. Preventive actions and the promotion of health are then implemented in a more informed and targeted manner, considering the differences between subgroups of population (age, the sex, socioeconomic disparities) or geographical area.



SPECCHI www.specchio-hub.ch

Mayssam Nehme, Helene Baysson, Silvia Stringhini, Idris Guessous

